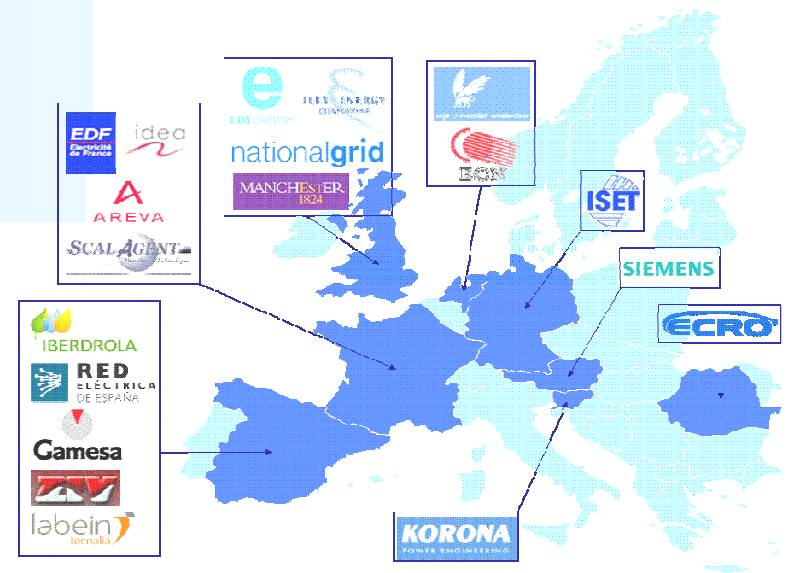




European Commission
Community Research



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*'... a step towards the future of
electricity networks'*

Flexible Electricity Networks to Integrate the expected 'energy evolution'

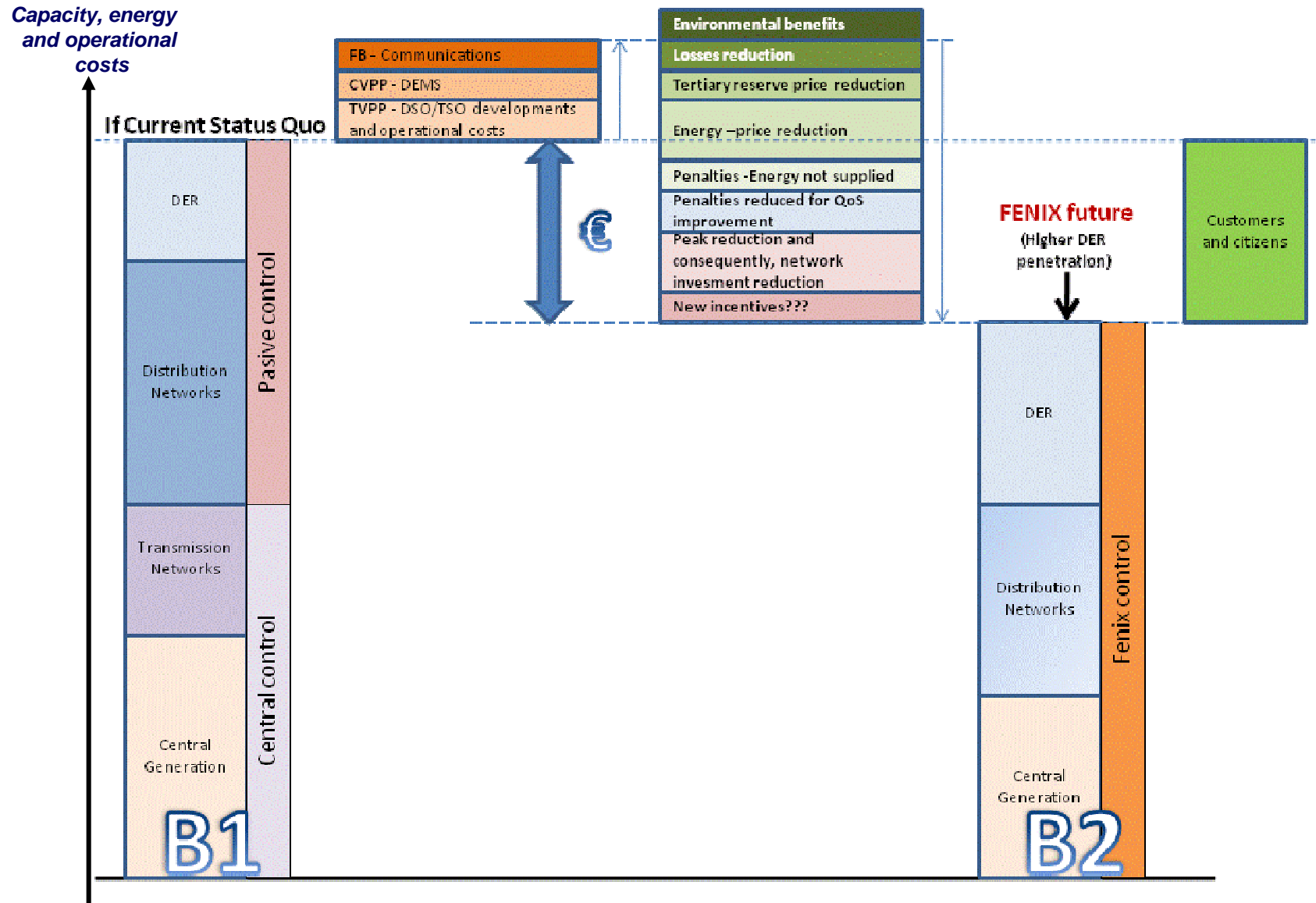


Southern Scenario Simulations



SIXTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME
Sustainable Energy Systems

FENIX Target



Loss Reduction

Distribution Losses

-Non –Technical Losses:

-metering errors, measurement errors, theft

-Technical Losses:

-Fixed Losses:

***-Iron losses in transformers,
they account between a $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ of
the technical losses***

-Variable Losses.

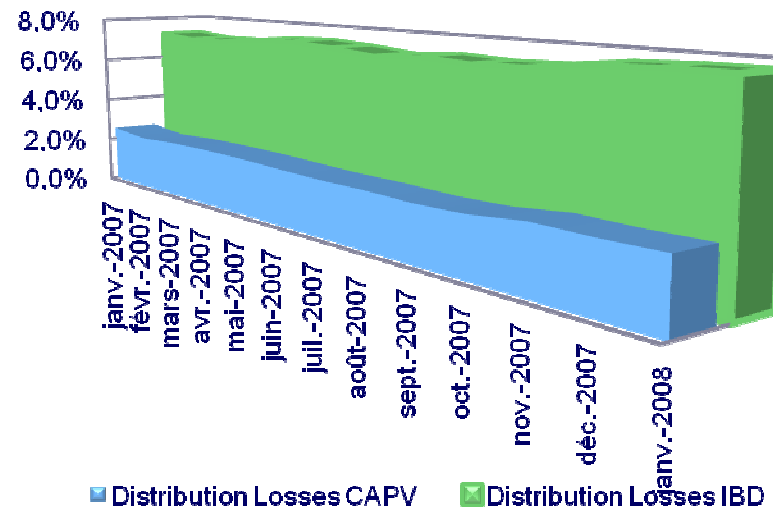
***-Current dependent losses, Copper losses in lines and
transformer windings.***

Distribution Losses in the Basque Country

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-The Alava province is located in the Basque Country autonomous region (CAPV)

-The measured Losses in this region vary between 2 and 2,6% which is very low comparing to the IBD average of 7%



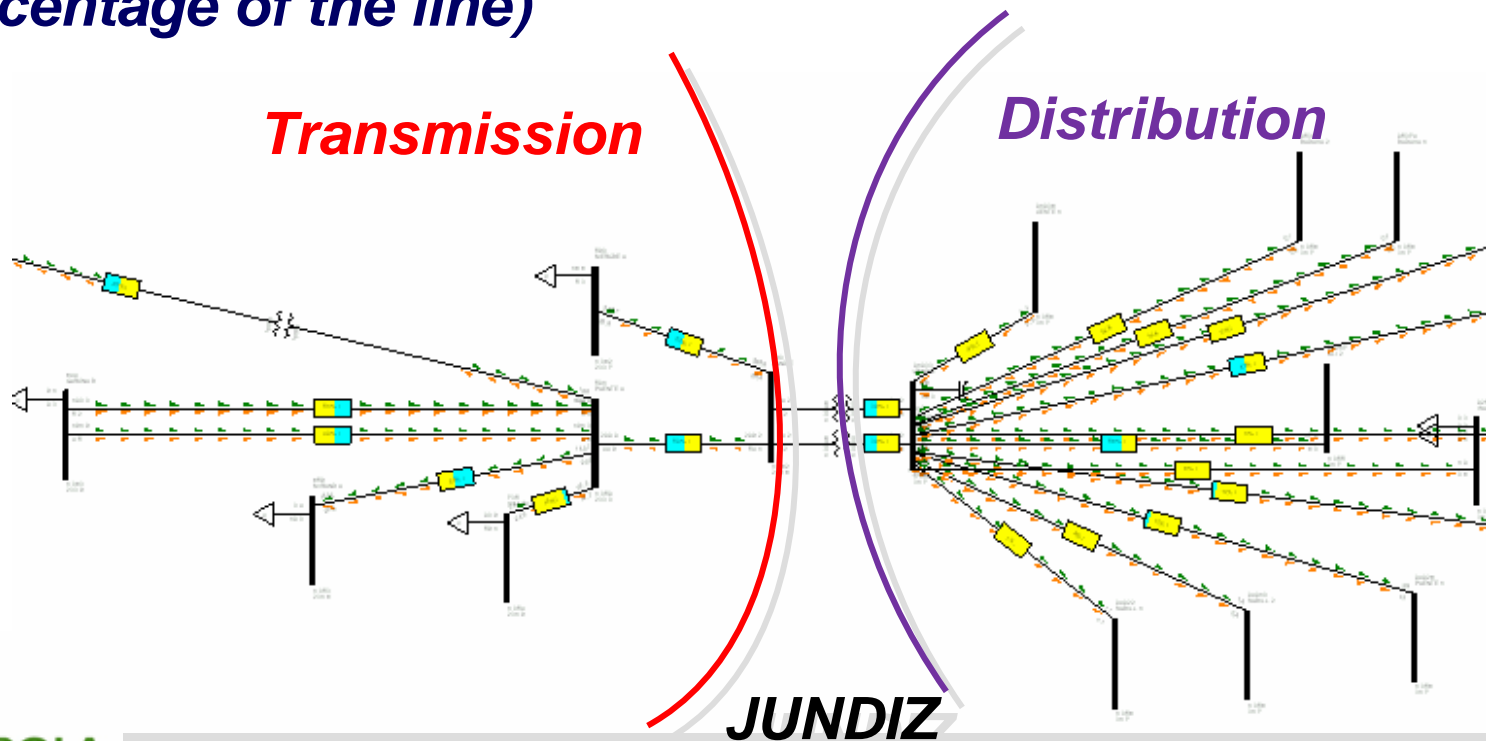
Variable Distribution Losses in Alava (I)

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-The Alava region losses are low due to:

- Short line distances**
- Adequate network topology**
- Low line loading**

(In the picture below, the blue stripe indicates the loading percentage of the line)

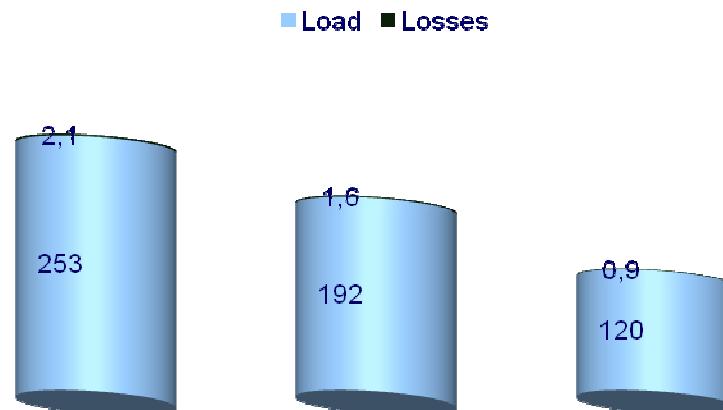


Variable Distribution Losses in Alava (II)

-Thus, the variable losses of the Alava network are very low, because the registered losses gather technical and non-technical losses, and furthermore the technical gather the fixed and the variable. So they should be at least less than the $\frac{1}{3}$ of 2%.

- The PSS/E simulation in the Alava grid model matches this theory, with losses even lower around the 1%

Losses in Alava's Distribution Grid

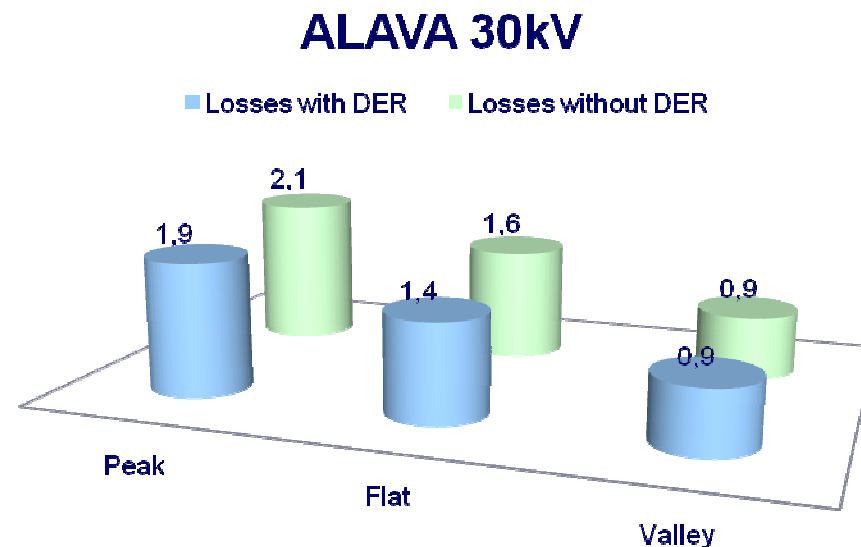


Distribution Losses in Alava(II)

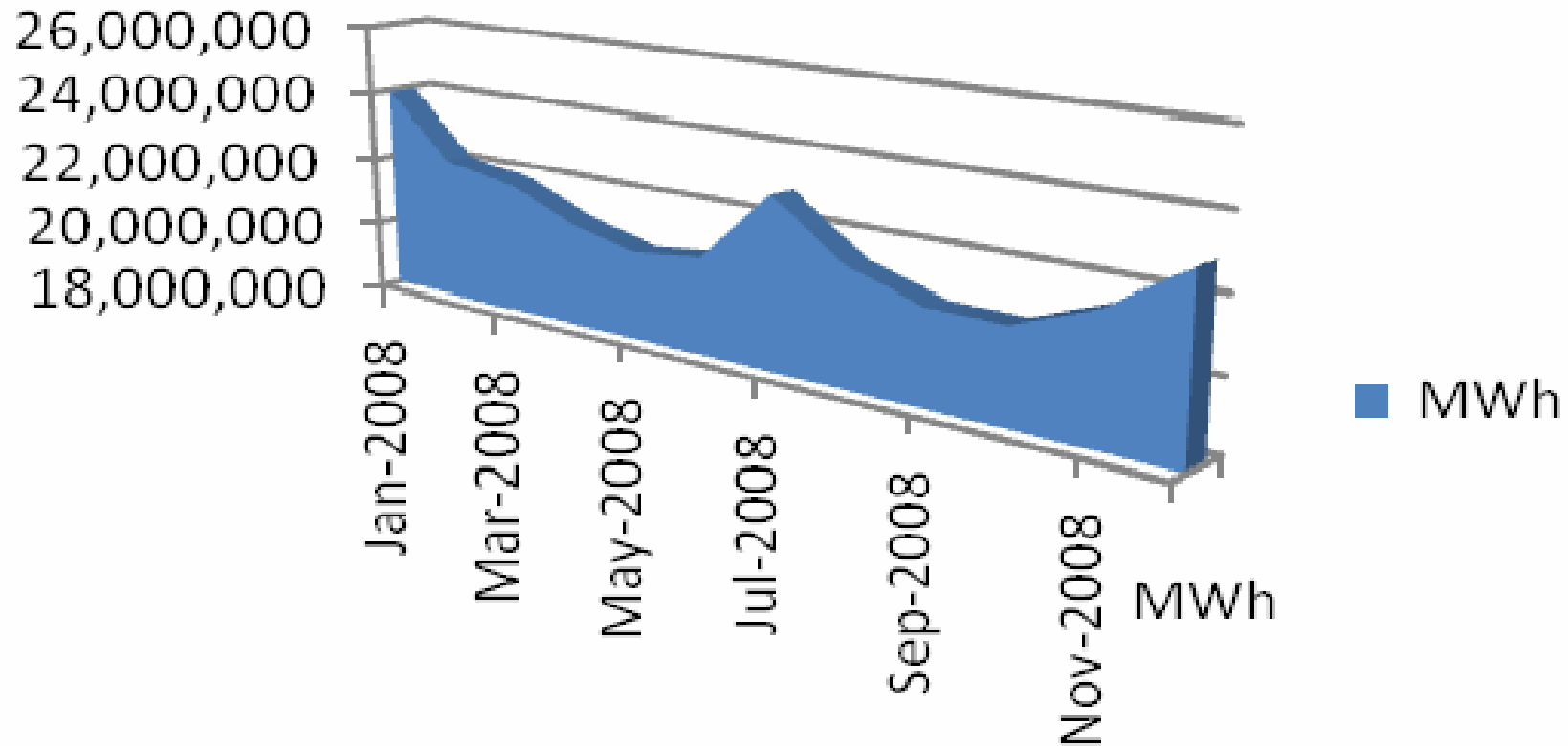
-The DER units of the 30kV grid, contribute to a significant reduction of the loss percentage in peak and flat periods, 9,7% and 13% respectively.

-In Valley periods, the DER influence doesn't significantly alter the losses in the network

	Load (MW)	Losses without DER (MW)	Losses without DER (%)	Losses with DER (MW)	Losses with DER (%)
Peak	253	2.1	0.83	1.9	0.75
Flat	192	1.6	0.83	1.4	0.72
Valley	120	0.9	0.75	0.9	0.75

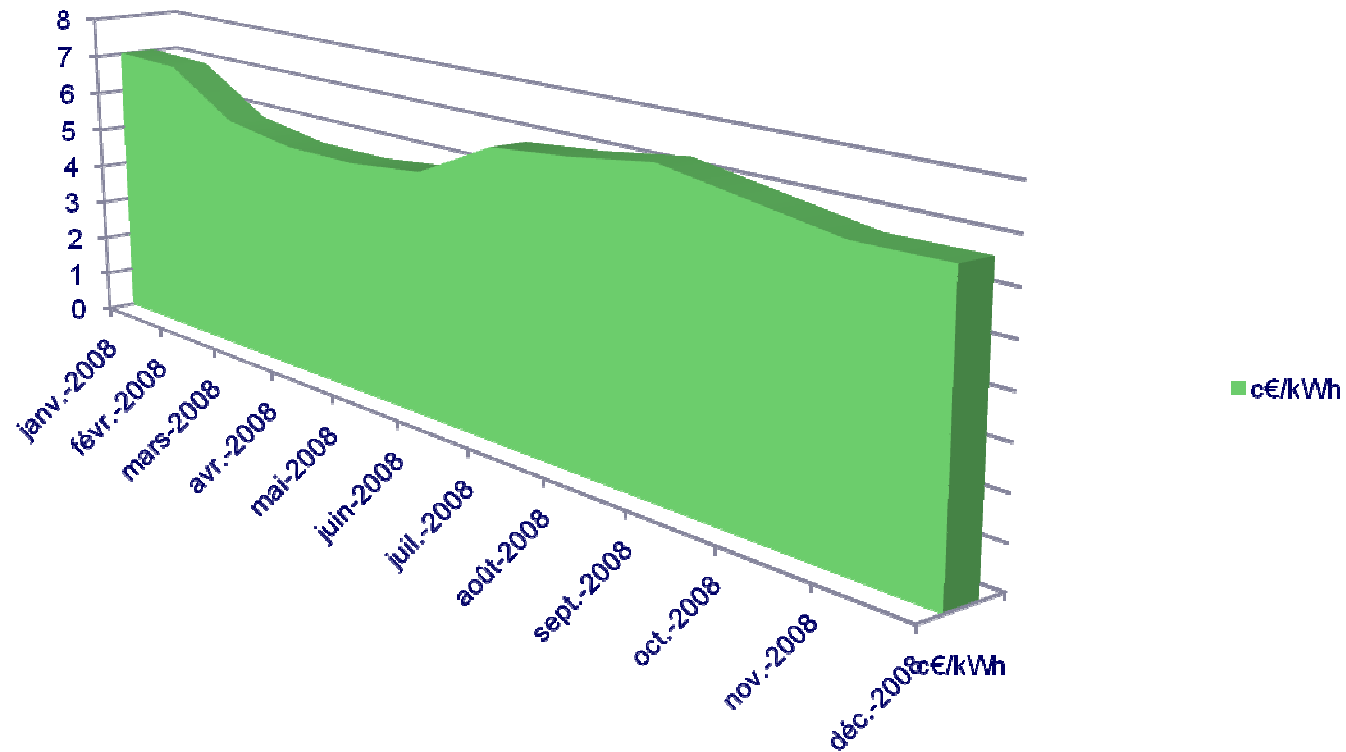


Spanish Distribution Demand



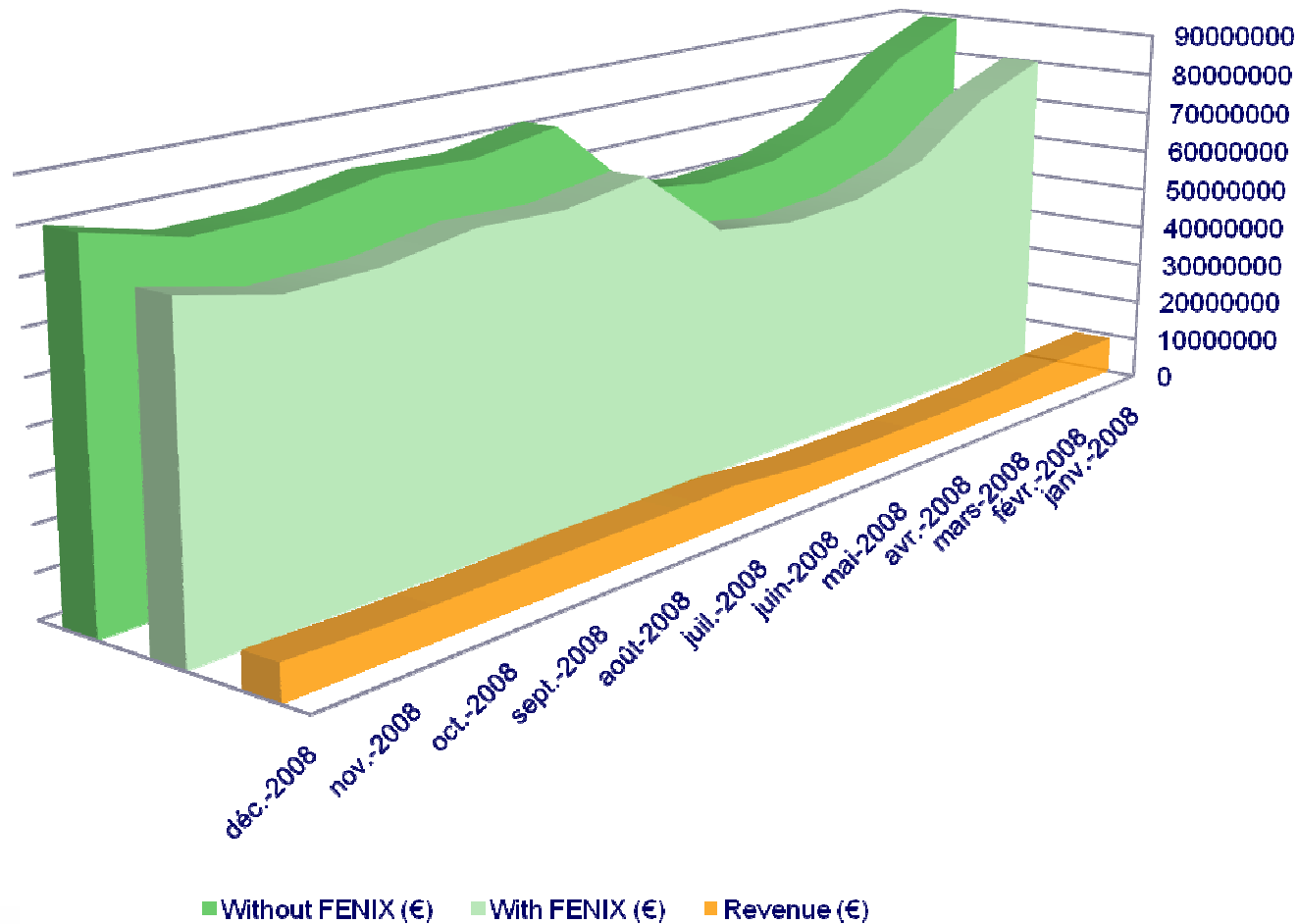
Day Ahead Market Prices

Adjusted Average Marginal Prices 2008



Economic Quantification

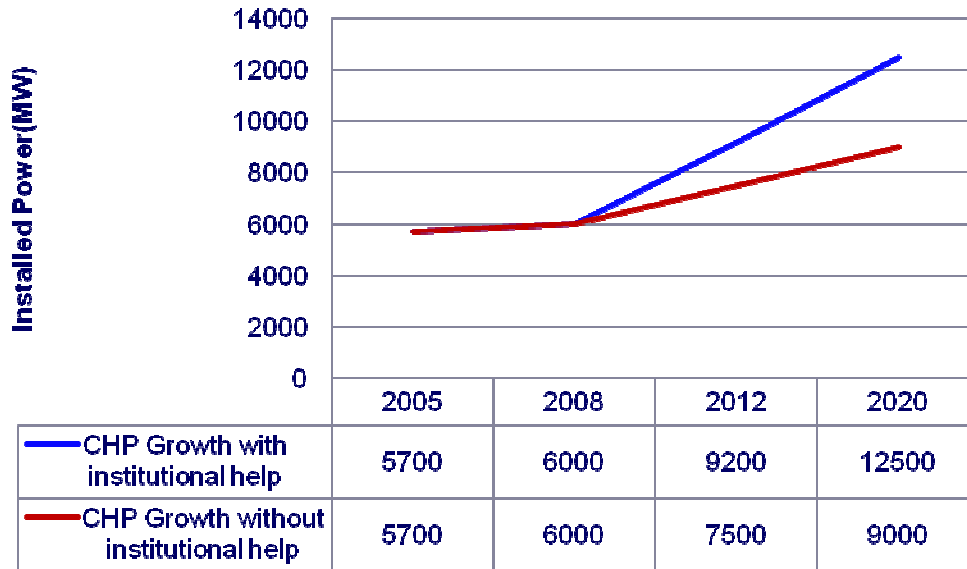
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CO₂ Emission Reduction

CO₂ emission reduction profits(I)

CHP Growth Prediction



- Cogeneration improves the efficiency of the generation process

- Emission reduction ranges from 46% to 64%, around a 60% for high efficiency cogeneration produced with natural gas

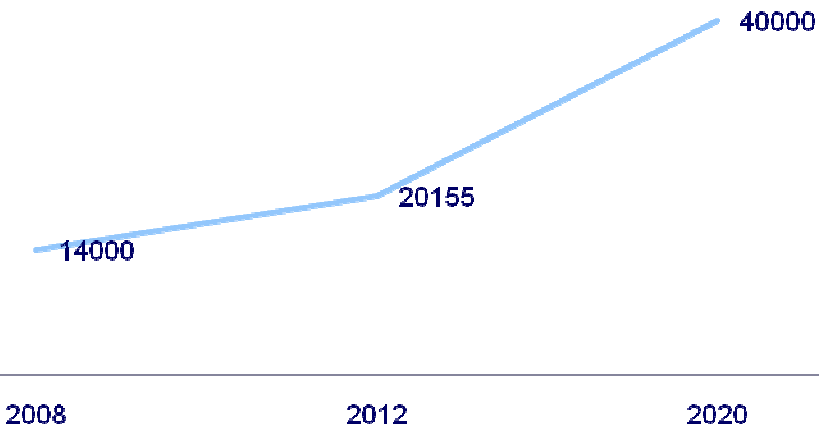
GW	6.5
Working hours per year	8000
Generation per year(GWh)	52000

	Gas	High efficiency CHP
GHG kg/kWh	0.738	
CO ₂ Tn 2020	40,147,200	16,058,880
Value M€	594	237

EUA =14,8€
January 2009

CO₂ emission reduction profits(II)

Wind Energy Growth Prediction Installed Power(MW)



GW	26
Working hours per year	3800
Generation per year(GWh)	98800

EUA =14,8€
January 2009

	Wind	Coal	Gas
GHG kg/kWh	0.018	1.115	0.738
CO ₂ Tn 2020	1,778,400	110,162,000	72,914,400
Value €	26,320,320	1,630,397,600	1,079,133,120

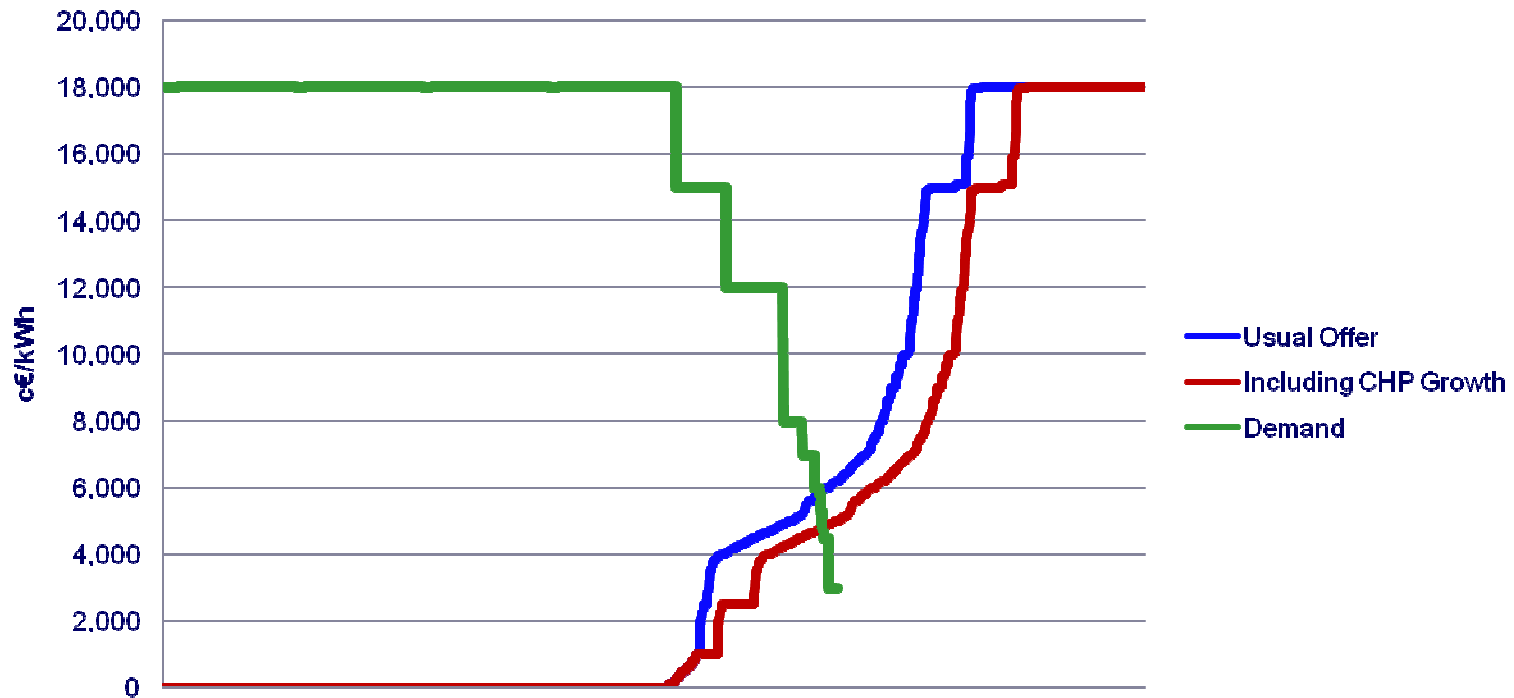
THE END

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Supply and Demand

Marginal Price Fluctuation Due to DER Penetration

Marginal Price Decrease due to Increase in Competition



THE END

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Thank you